

# Using tcpdump for Network Monitoring

## Introduction to tcpdump

tcpdump is a command-line utility that allows you to capture and analyze network packets. It is widely used for network troubleshooting and security monitoring.

# Installing tcpdump

On Ubuntu, install tcpdump with the following command:

```
sudo apt install tcpdump
```

# Basic Command Structure

The basic syntax for tcpdump:

```
sudo tcpdump [options] [filter-expression]
```

# Capturing Packets

To start capturing packets on a specific interface:

```
sudo tcpdump -i eth0
```

Replace `eth0` with the appropriate network interface.

# Writing Captures to a File

To save captured packets to a file:

```
sudo tcpdump -i eth0 -w capture_file.pcap
```

# Reading from a Capture File

To read packets from a saved file:

```
tcpdump -r capture_file.pcap
```

# Filtering Traffic

Examples of common filters:

- Capture only TCP traffic:

```
sudo tcpdump tcp
```

- Capture traffic on a specific port:

```
sudo tcpdump port 80
```

- Capture traffic from or to a specific IP:

```
sudo tcpdump host 192.168.1.1
```

# Combining Filters

Combine multiple filters to refine results:

```
sudo tcpdump 'tcp port 80 and src host 192.168.1.1'
```